Insulator Fit

Interchangeable Insulators for use with PLP® Ties
Dimensional Factors that affect Tie Application and Performance

ANSI C29 specifies and defines dimensions for insulator heads that are crucial to the proper application and lifetime performance of PLP factory formed ties. These dimensions include:

- Neck Diameter - nominal
  - C-neck – 2-1/4"
  - F-neck – 2-7/8"
  - J-neck – 3-1/2"
  - K-neck – 4"

- Top groove radius (minimum)
- Side groove radius (minimum)
- Maximum shoulder diameter (maximum)
- Top groove to side groove vertical spacing

Some of the specified dimensions are simply maximum or minimum allowable values. The dimensions for the vertical distance from the bottom of the top groove to the middle of the side groove and the neck diameter have minimum and maximum values designated.

These dimensions and insulator designations determine the proper tie to be used and the maximum conductor size for the groove application. Review the individual tie sections for groove/conductor diameter limitations.

Insulator characteristics that are not part of the ANSI C29 Specifications

Some of the insulator characteristics that have an impact on the application and performance of PLP Ties are not included in the ANSI specification. These characteristics include:

1. The transition contour of the top groove into side groove
2. Length of the saddle or top groove
3. Extension of shoulders past the edge of the top groove
4. Depth of the top groove

It is recommended that only insulators meeting the dimensional requirements of the most recent ANSI C29.3, C29.5, C29.6, and C29.7 specifications be used with the appropriate PLP ties.

Each of these items has different results on a factory formed tie's performance. Combinations of several of these characteristics could result in initial tie damage and incorrect application.

1. The transition contour of the top groove into the side groove is important due to the tie's shape. If an edge is created instead of a smooth rounded transition, the tie's formed wire is forced to bend over a fulcrum point resulting in a high concentration of stress. This is detrimental for both the insulator and tie.

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ANSI C29 Insulator Specifications and their Affects on PLP Ties

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2. A top groove length longer than the insulator’s neck diameter results in an edge. This edge creates a high stress contact point and results in an abnormal tie application. As an example, Figure 2 illustrates how a Distribution Tie reacts to this configuration (the tie tube was omitted to illustrate the gap beneath the conductor). Note the point contact at the insulator/tie interface.

3. The shoulder extensions result in difficulty in application of top ties. As the tie is rotated, the added protrusions from the shoulders past the end of the top groove provide catch points for the tie (see F-neck Insulator in Figure 1a).

4. The top groove of the insulator can cause installation difficulties of top ties when its diameter is at the minimum ANSI designation. This is especially troublesome when installing the WRAPLOCK® Tie. Figure 3 illustrates the application on a C-neck insulator on 1/0 ACSR 6/1 conductor.

The circled area illustrates that the covered center section of the WRAPLOCK® Tie is wedged between the conductor and the inner surface of the insulator. This increases the installation difficulty of the tie.

In many instances the transition of the grooves can have a great impact on the form, fit, and function of a factory formed tie and hand tie wire. The sharp edge of a long top groove saddle (see Figure #1) can be especially hazardous to the soft hand tie wire as well as a factory formed tie.

Insulator Review and Trial Applications

It is recommended the user conduct a thorough review of the insulator size, shape and geometry and conduct trial fits with the ties, prior to full scale field installations. Consult PLP for assistance, especially if there are any doubts concerning tie and insulator fit or performance.

Non-ANSI C29 Insulators

Some insulators that do not technically meet all the ANSI C29 Wet Process Porcelain Insulator standards may be suitable for use with PLP factory formed ties depending on their head and neck dimensions and geometry.

An example is the PLP polymer C & F-neck tie top insulators. These insulators have head and neck designs for use with PLP factory formed ties or PLP Ring Ties. The head and neck dimensions of the PLP Polymer C & F-neck insulators have been designed to match critical ANSI C29 dimensional specifications and meet or exceed most of the mechanical and electrical performance requirements specified in that standard.

PLP Polymer 15kV and 35kV Insulators