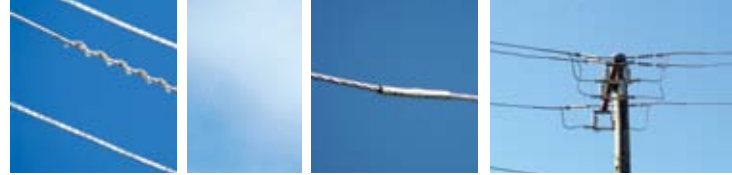


PREFORMED™ Splice

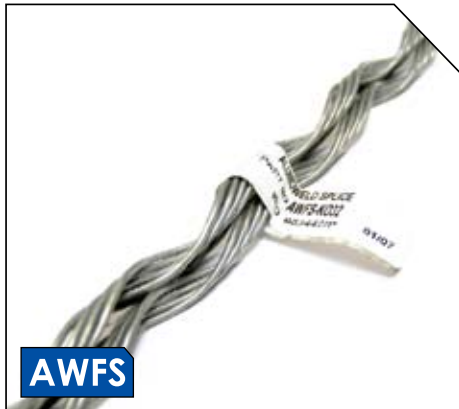


For Galvanised Steel Conductor - SC/GZ



Part Number	Conductor Stranding	Conductor Diameter (mm)	Colour Code
GFS-025	1/2.50	2.50	Blue
GFS-038	7/1.25	3.80	Green
GFS-040	1/4.00	4.00	Brown
GFS-043	3/2.00	4.30	Yellow
GFS-048	7/1.60	4.80	Black
GFS-055	3/2.75	5.91	White
GFS-060	7/2.00	6.00	Yellow
GFS-075	7/2.50	7.50	Blue
GFS-083	7/2.75	8.30	White
GFS-100	7/3.25 19/2.00	9.75 10.00	Orange Yellow
GFS-113	7/3.75	11.30	Black
GFS-120	7/4.00	12.00	Black
GFS-138	19/2.75	13.80	White
GFS-163	19/3.25	16.30	Orange

For SC/AC Conductors Left Hand Lay Standard

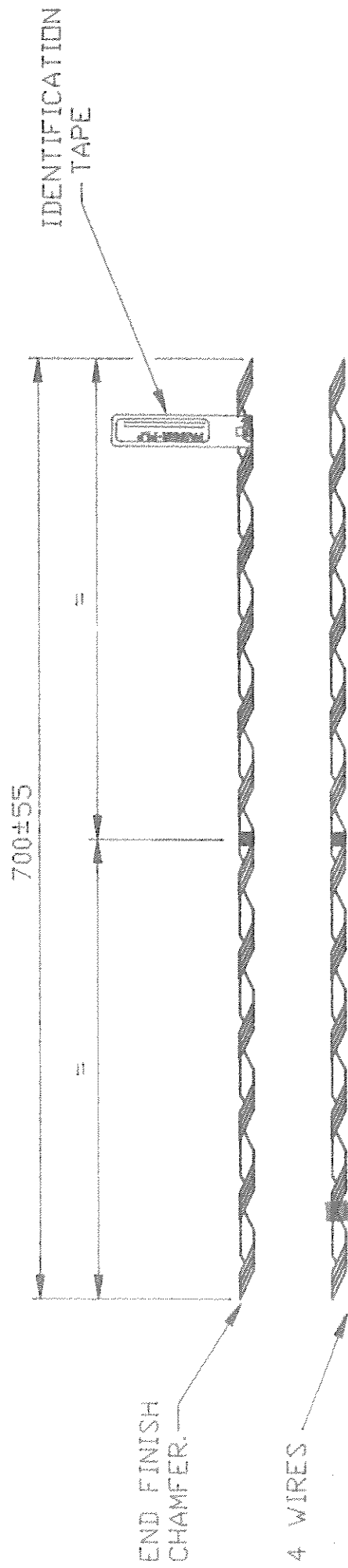


Part Number	Conductor Stranding	Conductor Diameter (mm)	Colour Code
AWFS-K023	3/2.75	5.91	White
AWFS-K032	3/3.25	6.98	Orange
AWFS-K040	3/3.75	8.06	Black
AWFS-K050	7/2.75	8.25	White
AWFS-K070	7/3.25	9.75	Orange
AWFS-K088	7/3.75	11.25	Black
AWFS-K106	7/4.25	12.75	Brown
AWFS-K136	19/2.75	13.75	White

Note: Contact PLP for splices to suit right hand lay conductors.

NOTES

- 1 ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES
- 2 TOLERANCES UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED-
 - a. HOLE DIAMETER $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$
 - b. LINEAR DIMS. UP TO 30mm $\pm 1.5\text{mm}$
 - c. LINEAR DIMS. OVER 30mm $\pm 5\%$ UP TO A MAX. OF 5mm.
- 3. BRACKETED DIMS. DO NOT AFFECT INTERCHANGEABILITY OR COUPLING & ARE FOR GUIDANCE ONLY.
- 4. MATERIAL TO AS1154.



LAY : LEFT HAND
 MATERIAL : ALUMINIUM CLAD STEEL

NUMBER OF SETS : 2

PRODUCT TAPE COLOUR : WHITE


3/2.75 MM (.1019")
 SC/AC
 DC4452
 MM/YV

FANNER-PLP®
 AL. CLAD STEEL FANNERSPLICE
 Cat No: AWFS-K023



A	CW	6/6/91
CHK		12/6/91
INITIAL ISSUE		
DSC	NO.	7254

CAT. NO: AWFS-K023		DATE	6/6/91	SCALE	N.T.S.
AL. CLAD STEEL		DRAWN	CW	PASSED	
FANNERSPLICE					

		PREFORMED LINE PRODUCTS (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD	
ISSUE	A	DRAWING NUMBER	086-001-RD



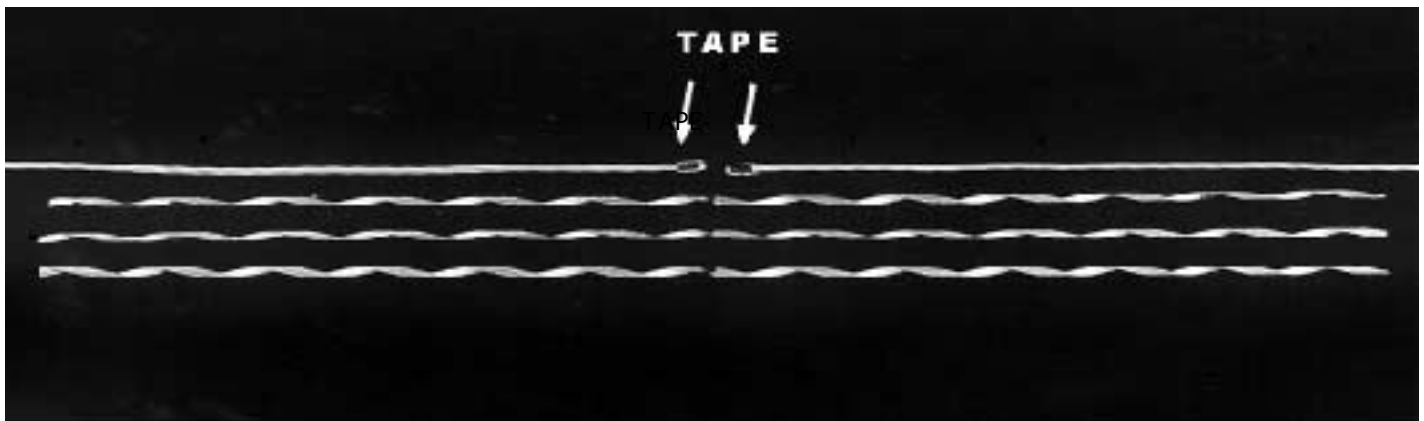
Application Procedure & Safety Considerations

P R E F O R M E D L I N E P R O D U C T S

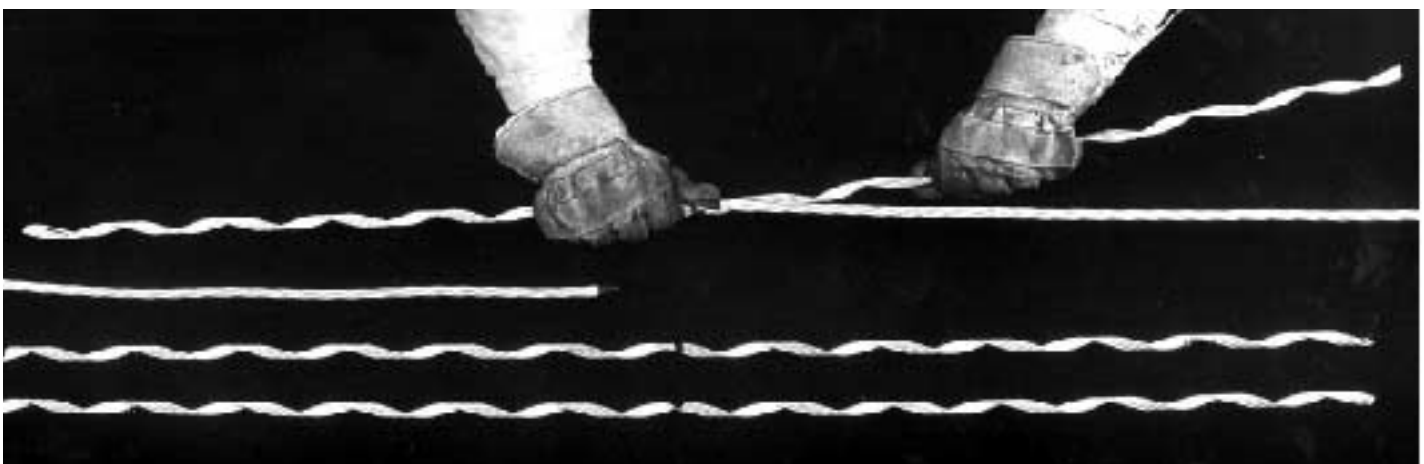
Conductor Splice

Completely read and understand this procedure before applying products. Special attention should be given to the Safety Considerations located on the last page. We advise the reader to review those considerations now, and then again during the general review of this procedure

Hand Application of Splice on Conductor.

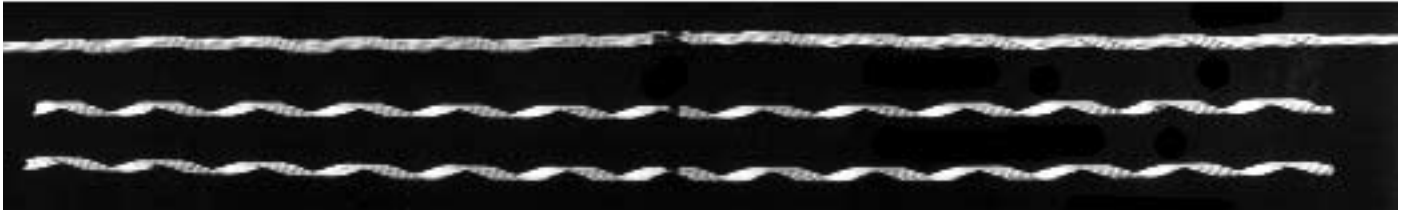


1) Illustration of splice as received in the field. Tape Aluminium Conductor ends with one layer of vinyl tape to prevent ends from flaring.

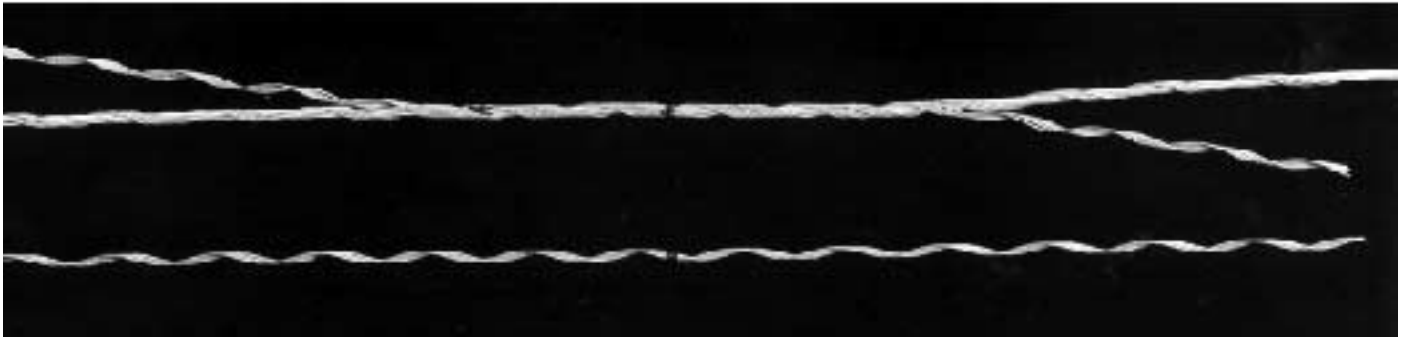


2) Conductor should be thoroughly wire brushed until bright and clean. A quality inhibitor must be applied to retard oxidation. Place one taped conductor end at the centre mark of one of the subsets. (NOTE: If each subset does not have the same quantity of rods, start with one containing the greatest number of rods.) Hold it securely with thumb and finger pressure and apply by wrapping the subset around the conductor.





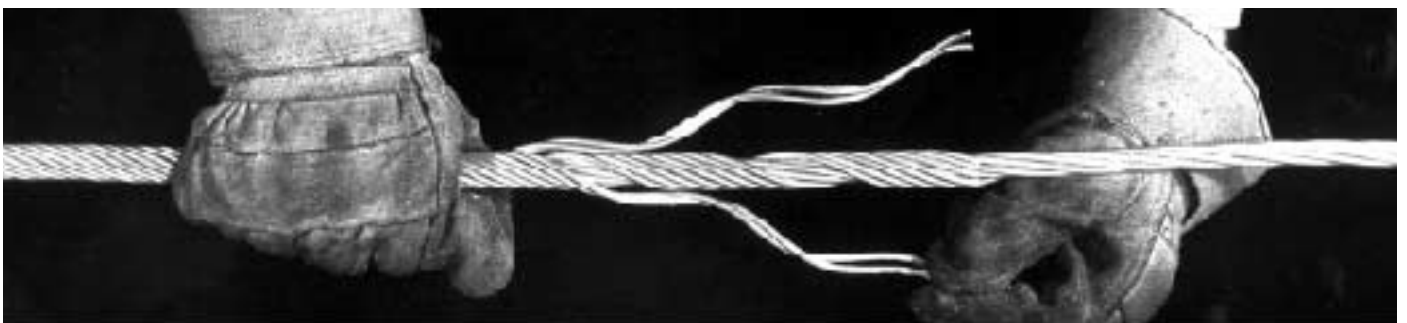
3) Position the other taped conductor end so that both ends are approximately 2 mm apart. Hold it securely and wrap on the subset completely.



4) Match the centre mark of the first subset and apply the second subset one or two pitch lengths on each side of centre.



5) Apply the third subset in the same manner, then wrap on both subsets simultaneously, to within one or two pitch length of completion.



6) For an easy and distortion free application, split the subset as shown. Wrap each split end around the conductor separately, and apply thumb pressure till it snaps into place.



7) Splice completely applied

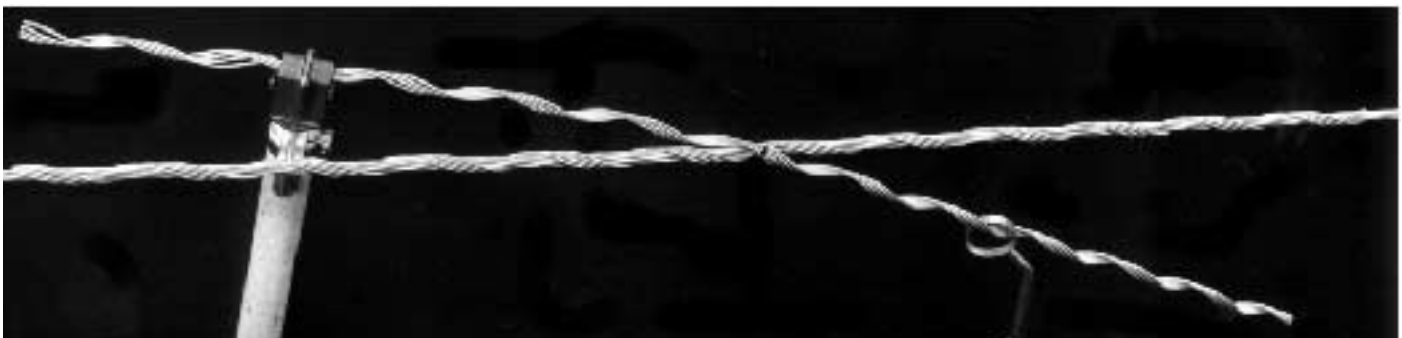
Hot Stick Application of Splice on Damaged Conductor



- 1) Prepare conductor by thoroughly wire brushing entire splice area until bright and clean. A quality inhibitor must be applied to retard oxidation. If damaged conductor ends are flared out, they must be unwrapped two pitch lengths and the flared ends severed with hotline cutters. Care should be taken not to distort the lay of the strands. The strands must then be wrapped back into their original positions before the splice can be applied.



- 2) Position the centre mark of one of the subsets at the centre of the damaged conductor as shown. (Refer to 'NOTE' in paragraph two of Hand Application Procedure.) Wrap on completely with the aid of an Applicator Ring.



- 3) Place the second subset in the hold stick, making sure that the centre marks match and that the subsets are seated tightly against each other.



4) When the second subset has been applied one pitch length each way from the centre, apply the third subset in the same manner.



5) After the second and third subsets have been started, move the hold stick to a convenient location to steady the conductor. Then wrap on the second and third subsets consecutively, one or two pitches at a time.



6) Snap the end of the splice into place with the Applicator Ring.



7) Splice completely applied. The ends of the splice rods can be snapped in easily by flexing the conductor and rotating the subset with thumb pressure until the rod ends snap into position.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1) To assure a reliable electrical connection, all conductors, new or weathered, must be thoroughly scratch brushed until bright and clean immediately prior to installation.
- 2) A quality inhibitor must be applied to retard oxidation.
- 3) Tapping over a PREFORMED conductor splice is permissible. Whenever a tapping clamp will be installed over a splice, the outer surface of the splice should be thoroughly scratch brushed to remove any oxides and glue which may be present. Inhibitor should then be applied to the area beneath the tap itself.
- 4) PREFORMED Splices must not be re-applied after initial installation.
- 5) PREFORMED Splices may be used at the support point but only after factory consultation.
- 6) PREFORMED Splices are precision devices which should be handled carefully to prevent distortion and damage.
- 7) PREFORMED Splices should be stored in cartons under cover, preferably shelf storage.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

- 1) For proper performance and personal safety be sure to select the proper size PREFORMED Splice before application.
- 2) Some inhibitors when in contact with rubber protective equipment can reduce its dielectric strength and cause deterioration of the rubber. Please follow your company's safety procedures when this situation is encountered.
- 3) PREFORMED Splices are precision devices. To ensure tight assembly, they should be stored in cartons under cover and handled carefully.
- 4) This application procedure is not intended to supersede any company construction or safety standards. This procedure is offered only to illustrate safe application for the individual. Failure to follow these procedures and restrictions may result in personal injury.
- 5) When working in the area of energized lines, extra care should be taken to prevent accidental electrical contact.
- 6) This product is intended for use by trained linesmen only. This product should not be used by any one who is not familiar with and trained in the use of it.



**PREFORMED
LINE PRODUCTS
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PLP (AUSTRALIA) PTY LTD
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

DATE – 20TH March 2015

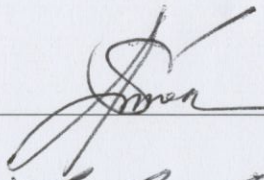
TYPE TEST REPORT NO: T9533
TEST REFERENCE NO: F15/18
PAGE 1 of 5

MECHANICAL STRENGTH TYPE TEST

ON:

ALUMINIUM CLAD GRIP & ALUMINIUM CLAD STEEL SPLICE
FOR 3/2.75mm SC/AC CONDUCTOR

(PLP Aust. Part Nos. – AWFG-K023 & AWFS-K023)

Testing Officer:  (Jose-elmer Simeon)

Approved by:  (Florian de Celis, Compliance Manager)

Date Approved: 24/03/2015

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THE QUALITY SYSTEM OF PLP AUSTRALIA HAS BEEN CERTIFIED TO
AS/NZS ISO9001:2008 BY GLOBAL MARK REGISTER QUALITY ASSURANCE

Fittings and Accessories for Power and Communication.
Engineered Plastics and Extrusions.
Data Communication Products.